



PZAF

POSTGRADUATE

ZOOARCHAEOLOGY FORUM ZAGREB, CROATIA '23

BOOK OF





















10th Postgraduate Zooarchaeology Forum



24th-26th May 2023

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Archaeological Museum in Zagreb

Krapina Neanderthal Museum

Zagreb Tourist Board

The domestication of dogs revisited: Palaeogenetical and morphological data

12:30 – 12:50 Pleistocene Zooarchaeology and Taphonomy at Abrigo da Buraca da Moira

Wouter Bonhof

from Goyet Cave

(Central Portugal)

Alexandre Paya et al.

Aristeidis Strimenopoulos

12:10 - 12:30



	V ZAGREB, CROATIA 23
	SESSION 2: Ironing the Antiquity
14:20 – 14:55	Keynote lecture: A horse with a name. A journey through the human-horse relationship in the Early Iron Age southeastern Alpine region
	Borut Toškan
14:55 – 15:15	Ritual patterns? Exploring the taphonomy of the Late Hellenistic site of Vodica, Northeastern Bulgaria
	Stella Nikolova
15:15 – 15:35	Feast, Famine or Fancy: Iron Age relationships to marine molluscs
	Holly Young
15:35 – 15:55	Canid Caves: The Fauna of Fishmonger's Swallet
	Jessica Peto et al.
15:55 – 16:10	Coffee break
16:10 – 16:30	Morphological diversity of dogs from Przeworsk culture in the territory of Poland
	Zuzanna Majbrodzka
16:30 – 16:50	The Roman Equids from Lisbon: the remains of Praça da Figueira and Sommer
	Ana Beatriz Santos, Roshan Paladugu
16:50 – 17:10	The Late Antique dietary habits in Western Serbia: a case study of the Čačak – Dvorište Gimnazije site
	Mladen Mladenović et al.

17:10-17:45 Keynote lecture: Vets as Archaeozoologists

Tajana Trbojević Vukičević

CONFERENCE EXCURSION

26th of May

SESSION 3: Historical Beasts (and Where to Find Them)

10:00 – 10:35 Keynote lecture: What do geneticists do in zooarchaeology?

Vlatka Čubrić Čurik et al.

10:35-10:55 From the wetlands to the farmyard: The presence and role of domestic geese and ducks in Zuid Holland, 150-1700 AD

Noé de Segovia de Kraker

10:55 – 11:15 Bones of the Northumbrian Landscape – A New Zooarchaeology of Jarrow **Anglo-Saxon Monastery**

Megan Leake

11:15 – 11:30 Coffee break

11:30 – 11:50 Underrated for too long? Guinea pigs in pre-colonial Peru

Céline Erauw

11:50 – 12:10 Identifying cultural and dietary changes through archaeozoology: a case study from the early modern stratum in the area of the El Kal Viejo (Old) Synagogue in Belgrade

Maja Kokanović

12:10 – 12:30 POSTER SESSION

12:30 – 14:00 Lunch break

SESSION 4: Neolithic Workshop



14:00 – 14:35 Keynote lecture: Animal disease and archaeology

László Bartosiewicz

14:35 – 14:55 Aurochs to Cattle: investigating the Mesolithic – Neolithic Transition in the Basque Country using Sequential Strontium, Oxygen and Carbon Isotopes

Hector Kelly et al.

14:55-15:15 Domestic animals in the early Neolithic of the Pannonian Plain: animal husbandry and patterns of settlement seasonality at the Gospodinci-Nove zemlje site

Danica Grujić

15:15 – 15:35 Re-writing archaeology. The Chiomonte-La Maddalena Neolithic alpine site (Piedmont, Italy): review and integration of zooarchaeological assessment from 1988 to 2022

Alessia Monticone et al.

15:35 – 15:55 Fashion Objects or Religious Trend? About the animal perforated teeth in the funerary caves from the Carvalhal de Aljubarrota valley (Alcobaça,Portugal) during the 4th and 3rd millennium BCE

Cátia Delicado

15:55 – 16:10 Coffee break

SESSION 5: Archaeozoology – Making the World a Better Place

 ${\bf 16:} 10-16:30 \quad {\bf Isotope\ provenancing\ of\ modern\ moose\ in\ Scandinavia:\ a\ computational\ workflow\ for\ (zoo) archaeological\ applications$

Elena Armaroli et al.

 $16:30-16:50 \qquad \textbf{The Deer Turn: Reimagining Nature and Culture Duality Through Human-Red Deer Relations in Scotland's Archaeological Past}$

Kath Page

16:50 – 17:10	Osteological Re-analysis of Falconry in Britian: A Case Study of Raptors from Faccombe Netherton PZAF POSTGRADUATE ZOOARCHAEOLOGY FORUM ZAGREB, CROATIA 23
	Hannah D. Britton et al.
17:10 – 17:30	A Future for Fallow Deer: Management and Repercussion
	Jack Sudds
17:30 – 17:50	ARCHAEOWILD: Modern problems require ancient perspectives
	Dimitrije Marković et al.
17:50	CLOSING CEREMONY
19:00	Conference dinner

Fakin Craft Bar



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SESSION 2: Ironing the Antiquity

The Late Antique dietary habits in Western Serbia: a case study of the Čačak – Dvorište Gimnazije site



Mladen Mladenović^{1*}, Teodora Mladenović², Katarina Dmitrović³

ABSTRACT: The analysed faunal material was collected during the rescue archaeological campaigns conducted between 2014 and 2018 by the National Museum Čačak at the Dvorište Gimnazije site in Čačak (Western Serbia). The Late Antique building remains, constructed in the 3rd-4th century, preserved at the foundation level were discovered at the site. After its destruction, the building was reused during the late 4th and the 5th century but in a more primitive manner. Remains of a few pits, hearths, and probably primitive dwellings belong to this horizon. The 3rd horizon at this site dates to the Late Medieval period (the 15th and the first half of the 16th century), and it is represented by a Christian necropolis dug into the Roman building. Faunal material is more abundant in the Late Antique period than in the Late Medieval context. The remains of mammals form the majority of the faunal sample. Domestic species are more frequent within the assemblage and include cattle, pigs, sheep and goats, horses, dogs, and cats. Furthermore, wild species are represented by wild boar, red deer, roe deer, fox, and hare. The most common are the remains of cattle, followed by pigs and caprines. Among wild mammals, the most numerous remains belong to wild boar and red deer. The greater importance of domestic mammals is expected for the Late Antique and Medieval archaeological sites in Serbia. In addition, the bird remains were confirmed as well. Among them, the remains of chicken were the most numerous. Since this is a newly discovered site, additional archaeological excavations in the vicinity are needed to create a broader picture of this site and its role within the currently unnamed ancient settlement that lasted throughout the centuries by the Western Morava River. Moreover, new zooarchaeological research will enable a better understanding of human-animal relationships of the inhabitants of this settlement in the past.

Keywords: faunal material, Čačak – Dvorište Gimnazije, Late Antique, Late Medieval periods

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